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Copy for Officeria Special Sand

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Misc. No. 723/36.

Central

November 30, 36.

1

Execution of S.S.D. Search Warrant No. 717 issued by Judge Feng at the request of the Shanghai Public Safety Bureau respecting No. 221 Shantung Road. The Vu Tseu Su Pao Dao Bookstore to search and seize a reactionary Bublication entitled "The Voice of Chim."

At about 9.40 A.M., Wonday Movember 30, 1936, D.S. 341 Pitts with Clerk Zung Zung Oen, C.D.S. 81 (Special Branch) and Detective Inspector Tsui Yao Toong (大枝大) S.P.S.B. came to Central Station and requested assistance to search the above described bookstore on the authority of an S.S.D. Court Search Warrant.

Assistance was rendered by D.S.I. Tilton and C.D.S.

287 attached to Central Station which resulted in the

bookstore being visited at about 9.45 A.M. above date when

the fellowing copies of the publication "The Veice of

China" were seized: 19 copies of Oct. 1, 1936; 41 copies

of Oct. 12, 1936; 18 copies of Nev. 1, 1936; 26 copies of

Eov. 15, 1936 and 53 copies of December 1, 1936. The

total number of copies seized were 187.

The proprieter named Beh Vu Chew (/ = 10) was present and handed over to the undersigned a letter data. Sevember 22, 1936 from the publisher of the publication named <u>Max Granich</u>, 740 B'Well Read, Eastern Publishing Company, Shanghai China, stating that the sale of sein was in order and confirmed by Dr. Hung Chi, S.P.Bell.

An application for dispensi of the seized property will be made before the S.A.D. Court on December 14800.

1/Sheet No. 2.

Copy to Officer i/c, Special Branch. Inquiries by D.S.I. Tilton and C.D.S. 287.

i. Al ille

5 0 dis

Included in

Ku-1/12

Shipting

Officer f/c, Special Bra ch.

June 24, 1937.

"Eastern Publishing Company" and Max Granich.

The "Eastern Publishing Company", registered at the U.S.A., Consulate General, was established in March, 1936, by Max Granich, U.S.A. citizen, at Room 334, R°74; Bubbling Well Road. On 15 th March, 1936, the company published the first issue of a reactionary and violently anti-Japanese periodical written in the English language with the addition of a Chinese section and known as "The Voice of China". This journal appears twice month-1, and is printed by the Mercury Press, 17 Avenue Edward VII, a company which is also registered at the U.S.A. Consulate General.

Max Granich, editor and publisher of the above mentioned periodical, was born on 19th March, 1896, in New York City. He is a graduate of a high-school in California and is reported to have worked as a journalist on the staff of "The Call", a communist newspaper published in New York.

On 31 st January 1936, accompanied by his wife Grace Granich, age 61, born in Oak Harbour Ohio, U.S.A., Granich arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco aboard the s.s. "President Taft". He stated that he was a journalist by profession and that his sojourn in China would be for an indefinite period. He is in prossession of U.S.A. Passport N°184280 issued on 30th April, 1935, at Washington, D.C.; his wife holds U.S.A. Passport N°184158 issued on 30th april, 1935, at Washington, D.C. Beth passports were visued at the Chinese Gonsulate in New York on 50th December, 1935.

Before her martiage Mrs-Granich was known as Greec Mind, a frequent contributor of articles to "The United Front", the official organ of the Communist Party in American She is also known to have been associated with a Miss Marrison and a Miss Fillings.

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both active communists, the former being at one time the secretary to Earl Browder.

On arrival in Shanghai Mr. and Mrs. Granich put up at the Burlington Rotel and on 3rd February, 1936 they removed to Room

II, Cathay Mansions. Shortly after their removal they made a trip to Peiping where they remained for a week and then returned to Changhai. On 3rd March the pair left the Cathay Mansions and took up residence at Apartment 12, N°17 Route Paul Henri, which address they still occupy.

On 17th March, two days after the first issue had been published, Granich, promising that the periodical would be neutral in character, made application to the French Police to publish and sell his periodical "The Voice of China" in the French Concession. In reply to his request the French Authorities gave him verbal permission to print one issue, following which they stated that they would consider his application for registration.

In spite of Granich's assurances perusal of "The Voice of China" showed that its policy was anything but neutral. Radical to an extreme and violently anti-Japanese it urged the people of China to unite and revolt against Japanese Imperialism, the tone becoming so reactionary that the Chinese Authorities brought the matter to the notice of the Municipal Council requesting that the publication of the magagzine be stopped. Information concerning this request was passed to the U.S.A. Consul-General the at once cancelled the registration of the "Far Eastern Fublishing Company". " Municipal Police together with members of the Pelice Bureau conducted several raids in the Settlement and large quantities of "The Voice of China" were seized; publication, however, much to the anneyance of the Chinese authorities continued.

In a further attempt to check Granich's activities the Chinese Authorities placed a ban on the postal transmiss'on of "The Voice of China". Several thousand copies were confiscated by the local branch of the Post Office and Granich made a verbal complaint to the U.S.A. Consulate-General. The latter, however, took no sept in the matter and Granich subsequently made a personal appeal to Mr.Chao Lin Ts (p p) , Chief of the Publicity Department of the Central Tangpu, and after pledging loyalty to the Central Government and promising that nothing communistic should appear in his journal, was promised the the ban on transmission would be lifted.

That Granich's interests as editor of "The Veice of China" are political and not financial seems fairly clears flow ring in mind his advocacy of the principles of the throught

Salvation association and the manner in which the Communist
Party used this group to further its own ends, remembering his
and his wife's association with the Party in the U.S.A., there
seems little doubt that Cranich was sent to Shanghai by the Communist Party with the express purpose of publishing a propaganda
magazine.

The magazine continues to appear fortnightly and is as virtax ulently anti-Japanese as ever. There has, however, as yet been no official protest from the Japanese Authorities.